#20 Six vs. Seven – The 6-year to 7-year Revolutionary War: The prophetic connections with the confusion of the Six Church of Philadelphia and the Seven Church of Laodicea are why the Revolutionary War lasted exactly 6.5 years from its key beginning battle of April 19, 1775, to the surrender at Yorktown on October 19, 1781



The Old North Bridge at Concord represents the <u>April 19, 1775</u>, start of the Revolutionary War.

 April 19, 1775
 ◀
 6 ½ yrs.
 ►
 October 19, 1781



The Surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown came 6 ¹/₂ years later, on <u>October 19, 1781</u>.

Key Understanding: 6 ¹/₂ years between Lexington/Concord and Yorktown. There were exactly 6.5 years between the key beginning battles of the Revolutionary War on April 19, 1775, at Lexington and Concord, and the October 19, 1781, Battle of Yorktown, which effectively ended British hopes of a victory over the colonists, and gave the Americans their Spirit of '76 independence. The reason for the 6.5 years – halfway between six and seven – is to display the spiritual confusion of the Six Church of Philadelphia and the Seven Church of Laodicea, especially seen at Yorktown at the exact end of the 6.5 years, where the British played The World Turned Upside Down, pointing to Acts 17:<u>6-7</u>.

Acts 17:6-7 (KJV) And when they found them not, they drew Jason and certain brethren unto the rulers of the city, crying, <u>These that have TURNED THE WORLD UPSIDE DOWN</u> are come hither also;

7 Whom Jason hath received: and <u>these all do contrary to the decrees of Caesar, saying that</u> <u>THERE IS ANOTHER KING, ONE JESUS</u>.

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