#74 Double Her Double – The 1815 Declaration of the Holy Alliance of the German Protestant, Austrian Roman Catholic, and Russian Orthodox Autocracies

Key Understanding: The Holy Alliance. After the defeat of Napoleon, on September 26, 1815, in the name of the Trinity, the so-called Holy Alliance was proclaimed by the King of Prussia, and the Austrian and Russian Empires. Prussia was a predominantly Protestant German state and represented the Protestant religion, Austria represented the Roman Catholics, and the Russian Empire represented the Eastern Orthodox Church.

Alexander I of Russia was the leader in the reaching of the agreement. He believed that the "sublime truths" of Christianity ought to guide relations among nations and guide the domestic affairs of nations. Strong religious conviction, they held, was necessary for maintaining upright and loyal subjects. They agreed that challenges to their authoritarian rule, by liberalism and democratic revolution, ought to remain suppressed.



Holy Alliance. Russian Tsar Alexander I, Emperor Francis I of Austria and King Frederick William III of Prussia entered an accord to treat each other according to the precepts of the Christian religion.

The declaration of the Holy Alliance begins . . . In the name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

(pictured from left to right) The Holy Alliance of Czar Alexander I of Russia, Emperor Francis I of Austria, and King Friedrich Wilhelm III of Prussia



Here is **#74–Doc 1**, which has the contents of the September 26, 1815, treaty, or declaration, of the Holy Alliance.

Click here for #74–Doc 1

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Revelation 18:06 (KJV) Reward her even as she rewarded you, and <u>DOUBLE UNTO HER</u> <u>DOUBLE</u> according to her works: in the cup which she hath filled fill to <u>HER DOUBLE</u>.

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