#174 Making the World Safe for Democracy – The Fall of the Romanov Dynasty stimulated America's entry into World War I, to become the Fourth Rome, part 1, The Russian Tsar Falls

Though we are continuing to deal with <u>The World War I Second Ascension of America</u>, we are making the transition to <u>Making the World Safe for Democracy</u>. It is important to understand how and why the United States entered World War I.

We have learned that the Fall of the Romanov Dynasty of the Third Rome, Moscow, representing the Roman Empire, transferred the mantle to the United States as the Fourth Rome. But what is remarkable about the transfer is that . . .

Key Understanding: *The rise of the fourth Rome*. The Fall of the 'Third Rome' Romanov Dynasty during World War I was actually what opened the door for the United States to enter World War I, and in doing so, to become the Fourth Rome.

That is the point. Not only did the Russian Empire and the Romanov Tsars represent the Third Rome, with the United States representing the Fourth Rome, but it was the actual event of the Fall of Romanov Tsar Nicholas II's Russian Empire that directly led to the American decision to enter World War I for the purpose of "Making the World Safe for Democracy." And, "Making the World Safe for Democracy" in the name of God was the false Christian anointing upon America as it assumed its mantle as the Fourth Rome.

The Russian Tsar Falls, and Russia Turns to Democracy

Tsar Nicholas II

In short, this is what occurred in March 1917, in the midst of World War I, after years of dissent against the Tsar of Russia. On March 8, 1917, the storm of revolution broke so strongly that the government of Tsar Nicholas II fell. A provisional government was established by the Duma, the principal congress, or legislative assembly, in Russia, which had

opposed the Tsar for years. By March 13, it became evident that the army in the field was accepting the authority of the provisional government of the Duma instead of the Tsar. The provisional government issued its new policies for

Russia. They were based on Democracy. It looked as though Russia, in the midst

of World War I, with the Fall of Russian Tsar Nicholas II, was turning to Democracy and leaving Autocracy behind.

The provisional government of Russia took power on March 16,

1917.

The last known photograph of Nicholas II, taken after his abdication in March 1917



On March 15, 1917, word reached Woodrow Wilson of the events that had been occurring in Russia. It was confirmed definitively on March 17 by the U.S. Ambassador to Russia, David R. Francis, that a group representing the majority in the Russian parliament (the Duma) had deposed the Tsar, formed a provisional government, and promised to establish a new constitutional order and carry on the war *for democratic aims* on behalf of the Russians.



Leaders of the Provisional Government as of March 10, 1917 (see Fitzpatrick, *Russian Revolution*, 45).

From left, they are: V. D. Nabokov, Cadet Central Committee member and head of the Government Chancellery; prominent D. M. Shepkin, Deputy Minister of Internal Affairs; A. A. Manuilov, also a Cadet, formerly Rector of Moscow University and now Minister of Education; I. V. Godnev, major landholder and member of the Party of 17 October, State Comptroller; M. I. Tereshchenko, president of the Kiev Military-Industrial Committee and Minister of Finance; Socialist-Revolutionary A. F. Kerensky, Minister of Justice; Prince G. E. L'vov, chair of the Council of Ministers and Minister of Internal Affairs; P. D. Miliukov, founder and leader of the Cadets, now Minister of Foreign Affairs; civil engineer N. V. Nekrasov, a Left Cadet and Minister of Transport; medical doctor A. I. Shingarev, Cadet and Minister of Lands; industrialist A. I. Konvalov, the most prominent "Progressist" (a minor party somewhat to the right of the Cadets) and Minister of Trade and Industry.

picture from http://euphrates.wpunj.edu/courses/hist429-60/RevPhoto.html

Remember, World War I was birthing both the 7th Kingdom USSR and the *Second* Ascension of the 8th Kingdom U.S. . . .

Revelation 17:10-11 (KJV) . . . and <u>THE OTHER</u> [the Seventh Kingdom, the USSR] <u>IS</u> <u>NOT YET COME</u>; and when he cometh, he [the Seventh Kingdom, the USSR] must continue A SHORT SPACE.

11 And <u>THE BEAST</u> [out of the Pit in Rev. 17:08, the United States of America] that was, and is not, even <u>HE IS THE EIGHTH</u>, and is of the seven, and goeth into perdition.

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