The Lord is behind the rise and fall of all leaders. The Lord establishes rulers in the
kingdoms of men, and gives authority to whomsoever he will, as we see with
Nebuchadnezzar in Daniel 4. The truth of the Lord’s sovereignty over the affairs of
all nations is never so evident as the Lord’s ordained rise of the two opposing
leaders of the Double Russian Revolutions of 1917. It is historically and
prophetically remarkable.

**Key Understanding: The two births in Simbirsk.** The two opposing leaders of the
Double Russian Revolutions of 1917 were Alexander Kerensky, representing the
democratic Provisional Government, and V. I. Lenin, representing the Bolshevik
Revolution. Look at the doubles that surround these leaders of the Double Russian
Revolutions of 1917.

- **Lenin and Kerensky were both born on April 22, 11 years apart.** V. I. Lenin was born
  on April 22, 1870. Kerensky was born on April 22, 1881.
- **Lenin and Kerensky were both born in Simbirsk, Russia.** Each of the men was born
  in the central Russian city of Simbirsk, which sits on the Volga River. [On May 29, 1924,
  Simbirsk was renamed Ulyanovsk, in honor of V. I. Lenin, who was born Vladimir Ilyich
  Ulyanov, and who had died on January 21, 1924. Lenin’s former home and the school he
  attended became national museums.]
- **Lenin’s and Kerensky’s fathers were both education administrators.** In fact,
  Kerensky’s father, Fyodor Kerensky, was the Director of the Simbirsk Classical
  Gymnasium (a secondary school designed to prepare students for a university), and V. I.
  Ulyanov (Lenin) and his brother Alexander Ulyanov were students under his educational
  administration. Meanwhile, Alexander Ilyich Ulyanov, Lenin’s father, was the local
director of elementary schools.
- **Lenin and Kerensky were both used by the Lord to lead the Revolutions** that
  separately would birth the 7th Kingdom (USSR) or had birthed the Second Ascension of
  the 8th Kingdom (U.S.) of Revelation 17:10-11, respectively. [Alexander Kerensky was
  the minister of justice in the democratic Provisional Government when it was first
  formed, then became War Minister in May 1917, and Prime Minister on July 7, 1917. He
  proclaimed the Russian Republic on September 15, 1917, with himself as President and
Supreme Commander-in-Chief. He and his government were overthrown by Lenin’s Bolsheviks on November 7, 1917.

On May 29, 1924, Simbirsk was renamed Ulyanovsk, in honor of Vladimir Ilyich Lenin.

Revelation 17:10-11 (KJV) . . . and THE OTHER [the Seventh Kingdom, the USSR] IS NOT YET COME; and when he cometh, he [the Seventh Kingdom, the USSR, representing Communism] must continue A SHORT SPACE.

11 And THE BEAST [out of the Pit in Rev. 17:08, the United States of America, the Fourth Rome, representing Democracy and Capitalism] that was, and is not, even HE IS THE EIGHTH, and is of the seven, and goeth into perdition.