#1230 America as Media-Persia – The Civil War: The Army of the Potomac, part 5, U.S. Grant of the North rising as the Mississippi River and George Meade of the North rising as the Potomac River join together to end the war at Appomattox

Jeremiah 46:7-8 (NIV) "Who is this that rises like the Nile, like rivers of surging waters? 8 <u>EGYPT RISES LIKE THE NILE</u>, like rivers of surging waters. She says, 'I will rise and cover the earth; I will destroy cities and their people.'

A major reason for the Lord's design of the double victories for the Union on July 4, 1863, was to construct the theme of General U.S. Grant and the North rising as the *Mississippi River* (the Nile of America) at Vicksburg, Mississippi, simultaneous with General George Meade and the North rising as the *Potomac River* at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.



Winning the Nile of America
July 4, 1863 – Vicksburg, the last Confederate
stronghold on the Mississippi River, surrenders to
Gen. Grant and the Army of the West
after a six week siege.



Fort on the Potomac River
Throughout the war, Washington D.C. was
defended by a ring of military forts that mostly
deterred the Confederates from attacking.

Key Understanding: The Nile of America. The Lord joined U.S. Grant and George Meade together the year before and leading up to and including the surrender of Robert E. Lee on April 9, 1865, at Appomattox Court House, for the purpose of illustrating that the Union symbolized as a rising Mississippi River (the Nile of America) was in synchronization with the Union symbolized as a rising Potomac River. In short, America symbolized as a rising Potomac River is equivalent to the symbolization of Egypt rising as the Nile. The combination of U.S. Grant/George Meade also represented the entire Union Army as the Army of the Medes.



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