#1319 America as Media-Persia, II – The Iran Hostage Crisis: The major starting point is November 4, 1979, the beginning of the 444-day Iran Hostage Crisis



We concluded the series <u>America as Media-Persia</u> with Unsealing #1258 (and then addressed <u>Israel as the Fig Tree</u> in Unsealings #1259—#1274, and <u>The Mark of the Beast</u> in Unsealings #1275—#1318) after having seen America in the role as a *second* Media-Persia in the Civil War (through General George Meade), World War I (through General John J. Pershing and John Philip Sousa), and World War II (through the Pu-239 August 9, 1945, Nagasaki atomic bomb).

Jimmy Carter was President of the United States during the Iran hostage crisis.

Now we are ready for the second part of <u>America as Media Persia</u>, which we are titling <u>America as Media-Persia</u>, II, the purpose of which will be to address the United States of America continuing to build itself (unknowingly) as a

powerful *second* Media-Persia in the last days during the latter days of the Cold War and leading into and including the 1991 Gulf War and 2003 Iraq War against the Saddam Hussein-led regime of Iraq.

Key Understanding #1: The starting point of America's role as a second (but counterfeit) Media-Persia in the very last days was the Iran hostage crisis, which began on November 4, 1979. The key date is November 4, 1979, and the key event was the taking of Americans hostage in the American embassy in Tehran, Iran, the nation whose history is traced back to the former world empire of Cyrus the Great's Media-Persia. The incident developed into what is called the 444-day Iran Hostage Crisis. It occurred during the last 444 days of Jimmy Carter's presidency. It was the Iran Hostage Crisis that brought Ronald Reagan to the office of President of the **United States.**



On November 4, 1979, Iranian revolutionary students stormed the United States embassy in Tehran, taking dozens of U.S. staff members hostage. Blindfolded American hostages (*above*) were paraded before the public by their Iranian captors, November 5, 1979.

Key Understanding #2: The 444-day Iran hostage crisis. The Lord ordained the November 4, 1979 – January 20, 1981, Iran Hostage Crisis in the land of old Media-Persia to be a major part of the United States of America's role in the last days as the second Media-Persia, and to jostle the United States of America into becoming a stronger military power

in preparation for the fulfillment of that role, which would include the defeat of the Saddam Hussein-led regime of *pretender* Babylon Iraq.

Here is the introduction to Wikipedia's article about the **Iran Hostage Crisis**:

The **Iran hostage crisis** was a diplomatic crisis between Iran and the United States that was triggered by a group of militant university students who took over the American diplomatic mission in Tehran, Iran, on November 4, 1979. The students were supported by Iran's post-revolutionary regime that was in the midst of solidifying power. The students objected to U.S. influence in Iran and its support of the recently fallen Shah of Iran, Mohammed Reza Pahlavi. They held 63 U.S. diplomats and three other U.S. citizens hostage. Of those captured, 52 were held hostage until the conclusion of the crisis 444 days later on January 20, 1981. The ordeal reached its lowest point when the United States military attempted a rescue operation on April 24, 1980. The failure of so-called Operation Eagle Claw resulted in the deaths of five USAF Airmen and three U.S. Marines. Notably, some political analysts believe the crisis was the

primary reason for U.S. President Jimmy Carter's defeat in the U.S. Presidential Election of 1980. The crisis ended with the signing of the Algiers Accords in Algeria on January 19, 1981. The hostages were formally released into United States custody the following day. The release took place just minutes after Ronald Reagan was officially sworn in as President of the United States.



A key passage to keep in mind will be 2 Chronicles 36:22-23:

2 Chronicles 36:22-23 (KJV) Now in the first year of <u>CYRUS KING OF PERSIA</u>, that the word of the LORD spoken by the mouth of Jeremiah might be accomplished, the LORD stirred up the spirit of Cyrus king of Persia, that he made a proclamation throughout all his kingdom, and put it also in writing, saying,

23 Thus saith Cyrus king of Persia, All the kingdoms of the earth hath the LORD God of heaven given me; and he hath charged me to BUILD HIM AN HOUSE IN JERUSALEM, which is in Judah. Who is there among you of all his people? THE LORD HIS GOD BE WITH HIM, AND LET HIM GO UP.

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