

#1329 America as Media-Persia, II – Toward the Iran Hostage Crisis: 1925-1979, The Time of the Pahlavi Dynasty, which included the Shah of Iran receiving help from H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Sr., the father of H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Jr., the American general in the 1991 Persian Gulf War

During World War II, Iran became a major conduit for British and American aid to the Soviet Union. The massive supply effort became known as the Persian Corridor and marked the first large-scale American and Western involvement in Iran. American involvement in Iran would continue to grow until the successful revolution against the Shah of Iran in 1979.

H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Sr. In the period prior to 1950, help to Iran came from the United States in the form of H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Sr., the father of the American general in the 1991 Persian Gulf War, H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Jr. Schwarzkopf, Sr., was head of the New Jersey state police in 1932, heading the investigation of the sensational Lindbergh baby kidnapping. From 1942 to 1948, he served as a colonel in the U.S. Army detailed to Iran to organize the new Shah of Iran's national police force. Drawing on his own experience as a West Point cadet, Schwarzkopf instilled an esprit de corps in the poorly trained and provisioned rural police force. He created what the Shah needed most, and that was some military muscle.

During this time period, a power struggle developed between the young Shah of Iran and an Iranian politician named Mohammed Mossadegh, who became Prime Minister of Iran on April 30, 1951. He headed a nationalist party that wanted to end all foreign influence in Iranian affairs. Britain was forced to close down its oil field operations.

The Shah leaned more and more heavily on the United States. He needed their help to overthrow Mossadegh. Under the direction of Kermit Roosevelt, Jr., a senior CIA officer and grandson of former U.S. President Theodore Roosevelt, the CIA and British intelligence funded and led a covert operation to depose of Mossadegh, with the help of military forces loyal to the Shah. It was known as Operation Ajax. The plot hinged on orders signed by the Shah to dismiss Mossadegh as prime minister and replace him with General Fazlollah Zahedi, a choice agreed upon by the British and Americans. Despite the high-level coordinating and planning, the coup initially failed, causing the Shah to flee to Baghdad, later leaving for Rome.



Former Iranian Premier Mohammed Mossadegh is helped along as he enters court in Tehran on November 8, 1953, to be tried as a traitor by a military tribunal

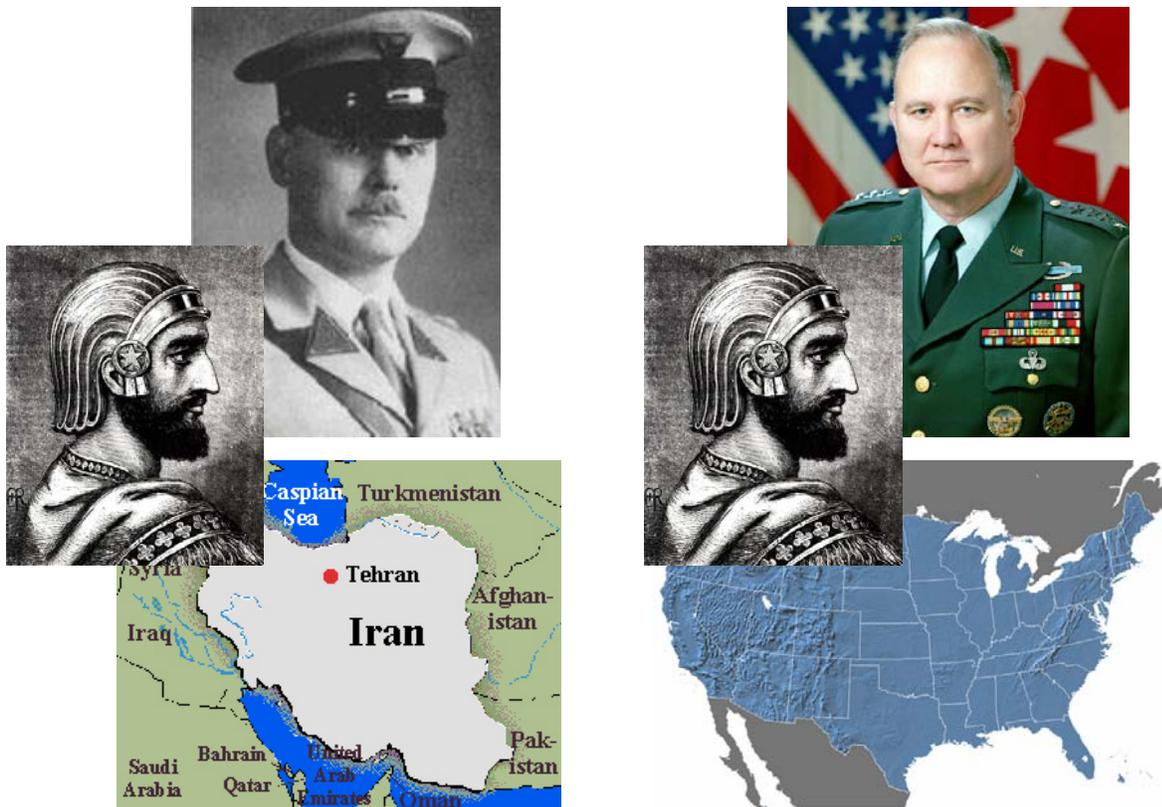
Before retiring from the U.S. Army in 1953 with the rank of major general, H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Sr., was sent by the CIA as part of Operation Ajax to convince the exiled Shah of

Iran to return and seize power. Schwarzkopf went so far as to organize the security forces he had trained to support the Shah. This time there was a successful counter-coup, and the Shah of Iran returned, seized power, and deposed Mossadegh.

Key Understanding: *Father and son: the Iran Schwarzkopf and the Iraq Schwarzkopf.* The Lord ordained H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Sr., to aid the Shah of Iran, Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, who desired his Iranian dynasty to be looked upon as a revival of the Persian kingship from the times of Cyrus the Great. The Lord then ordained H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Jr., to be the general who led the U.S. and the United Nations to their victory over *pretender* Babylon Iraq in the 1991 Gulf War, placing the United States in the position of a *second* (though *counterfeit*) ‘Cyrus the Great’ Media-Persia.

Thus, H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Sr., was involved in the Pahlavi dynasty of Iran assuming the prophetic role of a *second* ‘Cyrus the Great’ Media-Persia . . .

. . . while his son, H. Norman Schwarzkopf, Jr., was involved in the United States assuming the prophetic role of a *second* (and *counterfeit*) ‘Cyrus the Great’ Media-Persia.



2 Chronicles 36:22-23 (KJV) Now in the first year of **CYRUS KING OF PERSIA**, that the word of the LORD spoken by the mouth of Jeremiah might be accomplished, the LORD stirred up the spirit of Cyrus king of Persia, that he made a proclamation throughout all his kingdom, and put it also in writing, saying,

23 Thus saith Cyrus king of Persia, All the kingdoms of the earth hath the LORD God of heaven given me; and **he hath charged me to BUILD HIM AN HOUSE IN JERUSALEM, which is in Judah. Who is there among you of all his people? THE LORD HIS GOD BE WITH HIM, AND LET HIM GO UP.**

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