#1393 America as Media-Persia and the Building of Israel – The Pair of Balances defeats by the U.S. of the Soviet Union (the *pretender* Scarlet Beast of Revelation 17) and Saddam Hussein-led Iraq (the *pretender* Babylon the Great of Revelation 18) were *both* required to bring about the September 13, 1993, accord between the PLO and Israel

[The depiction *below* originally appeared in Unsealing <u>#824</u>.]

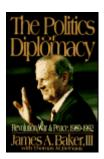


Key Understanding: *Double victories by the U.S. led to the September 13, 1993, peace accord.* The Revelation 6:5 Pair of Balances defeats by the U.S. of the Soviet Union (the *pretender* Scarlet Beast of Revelation 17) and Saddam Hussein-led Iraq (the *pretender* Babylon the Great of Revelation 18) were <u>both</u> required to bring about the September 13, 1993, accord between the PLO and Israel.

#1393 America as Media-Persia and the Building of Israel – The Pair of Balances defeats by the U.S. of the Soviet Page 1 of 2 Union (the *pretender* Scarlet Beast of Revelation 17) and Saddam Hussein-led Iraq (the *pretender* Babylon the Great of Revelation 18) were *both* required to bring about the September 13, 1993, accord between the PLO and Israel **Revelation 6:5** (**KJV**) And when he had opened <u>**THE THIRD SEAL**</u>, I heard the third beast say, Come and see. And I beheld, and lo <u>**A BLACK HORSE**</u>; and he that sat on him had <u>**A**</u> <u>**PAIR OF BALANCES IN HIS HAND**</u> [representing the Ronald Reagan/George H. W. Bush defeats of the *pretender* Revelation 17 Scarlet Beast Soviet Union and Saddam Hussein-led Iraq as *pretender* Revelation 18 Babylon the Great].

In Unsealing #1386 was the following excerpt (*shown below*) from Jim Baker's book, *The Politics of Diplomacy: Revolution, War and Peace, 1989-1992.* The excerpt is a part of a detailed explanation given by Baker about the understanding that the defeat of Saddam Hussein's Iraq in the 1991 Gulf War led to the restarting of the Middle East peace process. In the part of the explanation shown *below*, Baker shares that the demise of the Soviet Empire (referring to both (i) the 1989 fall of the Warsaw Pact nations and the July 1, 1991, official dissolving of the Warsaw Pact, as well as (ii) the August 1991 attempted coup in the Soviet Union to overthrow Mikhail Gorbachev that would lead to the December 1991 dissolving of the Soviet Union) *was also* a key ingredient in the ability to convene the 1991 Madrid Conference, which was a steppingstone in the Middle East peace process leading to the September 13, 1993, accord between the PLO and Israel.

"There was little doubt that the environment in the region had been drastically altered [through the 1991 Gulf War]. It was also apparent that the entire world suddenly wanted to get closer to the United States. <u>The</u> <u>Soviet Empire was gone. The principles and values of the American</u> <u>experience – democracy and free markets – were being embraced</u> <u>around the globe as never before</u>. It seemed as though everyone wanted to be America's best friend. Although we didn't do a good job of explaining the concept, <u>this worldwide advance of democratic ideals represented what</u> we really meant by the phrase 'New World Order' – not the absence of



regional conflicts, as most interpreted it. Our status as the last remaining superpower had been enhanced by the war. We had tremendous strength and credibility around the world, and stood at the zenith of our influence in the Middle East. I believed it was time to seize the moment. If we hesitated [in attempting to bring accord to the Middle East], we would lose an historic opportunity." (p. 414-415, *The Politics of Diplomacy: Revolution, War and Peace, 1989-1992*)

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