<u>#2003</u> The Yom Kippur War and the Abomination of Desolation – The post-World War II U.S. waxing great toward the South and toward the East as a *second* Syria/Antiochus IV Epiphanes,

part 262, Great Britain's anti-Jewish role of November 9, 1938, (vi), Toward the Woodhead Commission's report

Daniel 8:23 (NIV) "In <u>THE LATTER PART OF THEIR</u> <u>REIGN</u>, when rebels have become completely wicked, <u>A</u> [competing] <u>STERN-FACED KING</u> [represented by Adolf Hitler and Nazi Germany through the event of Kristallnacht,



November 9-10-11, 1938, which can be considered a beginning to the Holocaust], a master of intrigue, will arise.

Key Understanding: Great Britain's anti-Jewish role of November 9, 1938. On November 9, 1938, the date that Kristallnacht would erupt in Nazi Germany, instantly stimulating the desire in even more Jews to exodus en masse from Germany to the land of Palestine, the Woodhead Commission in Great Britain issued its report regarding the partition of Palestine between the Jews and Arabs, which would lead to the British policy of restricting Jewish emigration to Palestine.

At this point in time, using material from a particular website, we will go through **Palestine history**, spanning the subjects of 1900 - Zionism through 1938 - Woodhead Commission (immediately followed by 1939 - Great Britain restricting Jewish immigration).

Below is an outline of the chronologically ordered events. The subjects that are bolded will be covered in order, one per Unsealing, starting with 1900 - Zionism and ending with 1939 - Great Britain restricting Jewish immigration.

Palestine History

1900 - Zionism

1845-1914 - Jews in Palestine

1916 - Sykes-Picot Agreement

1917 - Balfour Declaration

1918 - Jewish immigration

1919 - Palestinians' first National Conference

1920 - San Remo Conference

1922 - The British Mandate

1929 - The riots

1936 - A six-month General Strike in Palestine

1937 - Peel Commission

1938 - Woodhead Commission

1939 - Great Britain restricting Jewish immigration

Palestine remained a territory administered by Great Britain under a 1922 League of Nations mandate, which had been assigned without the consent of the Palestinians, until the British withdrew on May 15, 1948, and the state of Israel was declared by resident Jewish immigrants



- 1945 Britain's Palestine Dilemma
- 1947 The massacre of Baldat al-Shaikh
- 1947 The UN Partition Plan
- 1947 Great Britain withdraws
- 1948 The massacre of Deir Yasin
- 1948 Israel founded
- 1948 First Arab-Israeli War
- 1948 Palestinian Refugees
- 1953 The massacre of Qibya
- 1954 Nasser takes charge
- 1956 The massacre of Kufr Qasim
- 1956 Suez War
- 1958 Arabs Unite
- 1964 PLO established
- 1967 The Six Day War
- 1967 Khartoum Resolution
- 1967 Palestinian Refugees
- 1968-1970 War of Attrition
- 1968 Battle of Karameh
- 1969 Arafat becomes Chairman of the PLO
- 1970 Black September in Jordan
- 1972 Munich Olympics
- 1973 The October War
- 1974 PLO representative of the Palestinian people
- 1978 Camp David
- 1979 Russian Jews

http://www.palestinehistory.com/history/timeline/time1900.htm#tl 1900 1

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