#2146 The Yom Kippur War and the Abomination of Desolation – The post-World War II U.S. waxing great toward the South and toward the East as a *second* Syria/Antiochus IV Epiphanes, part 405, **The Pale Horse, (ii), Woodrow Wilson's War Message of April 2, 1917, and the** ending of the Pale of Settlement by the democratic Provisional Government on April 2, 1917

Review (from Unsealing <u>#2142</u>): On April 2, 1917 (New Style), by the law of 'On the Abolition of Religious and National Restrictions,' the Pale of Settlement, where most Russian Jews were confined, was abolished (and repressive edicts governing Jewish life were repealed) by Alexander Kerensky's democratic Provisional Government.

Key Understanding: *The <u>historical</u> relationship between Woodrow Wilson's war message and the abolition of the Pale of Settlement in Russia*. Two events of April 2, 1917 – (i) Woodrow Wilson's message to Congress calling for a declaration of war against Germany, and (ii) Alexander Kerensky's democratic Provisional Government in Russia passing a law that abolished the century old Pale of Settlement – not only occurred on the same day but were *historically* related due to the fact that Woodrow Wilson's decision to enter the United States into World War I on the side of Great Britain, France, and Russia came as a result of the fall of the Tsarist regime in Russia and the rise to power of Kerensky's democratic Provisional Government to take its place.

(i) April 2, 1917 – Woodrow Wilson's war message

President Woodrow Wilson entered the packed and cheering chamber of the House of Representatives at 8:32 p.m., April 2, 1917. His speech would end at 9:11 p.m. Few persons in the chamber ever forgot the electric drama of that evening. The speech included . . .

"We are glad," Wilson went on, "to fight thus for the ultimate peace of the world and for the liberation of its peoples, the German peoples included: for the rights of nations great and small and the privilege of men everywhere to choose their way of life and obedience.



Woodrow Wilson addressing Congress on April 2, 1917

The world must be made safe for democracy. Its peace must be planted upon the tested foundations of political liberty."



(ii) April 2, 1917 – Alexander Kerensky's democratic Provisional Government ended the Pale of Settlement

Alexander Kerensky in front of a map of the Pale of Settlement

#2146 The Yom Kippur War and the Abomination of Desolation – The post-World War II U.S. waxing great Page 1 of 2 toward the South and toward the East as a *second* Syria/Antiochus IV Epiphanes, part 405, The Pale Horse, (ii), Woodrow Wilson's War Message of April 2, 1917, and the ending of the Pale of Settlement by the democratic Provisional Government on April 2, 1917

<< <u>Previous</u>

<u>Next</u> >>

#2146 The Yom Kippur War and the Abomination of Desolation – The post-World War II U.S. waxing great Page 2 of 2 toward the South and toward the East as a *second* Syria/Antiochus IV Epiphanes, part 405, The Pale Horse, (ii), Woodrow Wilson's War Message of April 2, 1917, and the ending of the Pale of Settlement by the democratic Provisional Government on April 2, 1917